

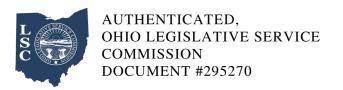
Ohio Administrative Code

Rule 173-14-19 Case records and reporting of core services.

Effective: January 28, 2022

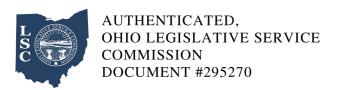
(A) The complaint case record shall include only objective observations of items such as the consumer's physical condition, behavior, conversations, and other facts that are revealed during the course of the investigation. In addition, where appropriate to the complaint, all complex complaint case records shall contain the data required in ODIS.

- (B) Documentation of advocacy and general-information services shall include only objective information required in ODIS.
- (C) All records shall be retained by the SLTCO or regional programs for three years after the case is closed.
- (D) Representatives shall contemporaneously document all activity in ODIS within six days after the activity is performed. For the purposes of this paragraph, "contemporaneously" means activity is documented within six days after the activity is performed.
- (E) Access to case records and other reports of ombudsman activity contained in ODIS is limited to representatives.
- (F) Information contained in the records maintained by the office and the regional programs shall be released only at the discretion of the SLTCO. Identities of consumers, witnesses, and complainants shall not be released absent a court order.
- (1) If a party outside of the office wants to request a record (either in whole or in part), deposition, or testimony in an administrative or judicial proceeding, the party must make its request to the office or the regional program to be considered.
- (2) When any representative receives a request for a record (either in whole or in part), the representative shall notify the SLTCO in writing or email within one business day. When any



representative receives a request for deposition or testimony in an administrative or judicial proceeding, the representative shall notify the SLTCO immediately by telephone.

- (3) Within one business day after notification, the ombudsman shall, in a format prescribed by the SLTCO, provide the SLTCO with the written or emailed request along with a completed form approved by the SLTCO describing the case involved, the circumstance for the request, and other required information.
- (4) The SLTCO or the designee of the SLTCO shall review the records requested and discuss the circumstance with the ombudsman to discuss whether to release or withhold records.
- (5) As appropriate, the SLTCO or the designee of the SLTCO shall secure permission from the consumer or complainant to release identity. Names and identifying information about consumers, complaints, and/or witnesses shall not be released without written consent of the affected individuals or their legally authorized representatives who have the proper scope of authority to provide such consent, unless required by court order. The SLTCO may request that the regional ombudsman seek the required consent.
- (6) The SLTCO or the designee of the SLTCO shall consult with legal counsel as needed.
- (7) As necessary, and as requested by the SLTCO, the role of the SLTCO's legal counsel shall include the following:
- (a) Negotiating with the party issuing the request in order to implement the SLTCO determination.
- (b) Explaining the confidentiality restrictions.
- (c) Advising the SLTCO on the risks and benefits of disclosure.
- (d) Taking action to quash the request.
- (e) Being present during deposition or testimony.



(8) When an ombudsman advocates for a consumer at an administrative hearing (e.g., discharge hearing, medicare/medicaid appeal hearing) according to an established action plan, the ombudsman may present copies of consumer medical records obtained during the course of the investigation with consumer consent as it is determined necessary to advocate for the consumer and according to ombudsman laws, rules, and policies to protect confidentiality.